



# CAL FRESCA

## Do you have a Hypocalcemia problem?

Estimates are 25-75% of cows are subclinically Hypocalcemic

Hypocalcemia is not only associated with reduced performance in terms of post-parturition milk production, but also as a gate-way to numerous subsequent dairy cow diseases and health disorders including<sup>1</sup>:

- Mastitis
- Ketosis
- Dystocia
- Retained Placenta
- Prolapsed Uterus
- Metritis
- Udder Edema
- Displaced Abomasum
- Fatty Liver

Give a single CAL FRESCA bolus at calving and another 12 - 24 hours later.



Each dose supplies over 43 grams of calcium from calcium chloride & sulfate.

<sup>1</sup>Horst et al., 1997. and Curtis et al., 1985

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CALCIUM



VIT. D<sub>3</sub>



VIGOR

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**Give CAL FRESCA at calving and 12 - 24 hours later**

**GUARANTEED ANALYSIS\***

Calcium (min).....	43 grams
Vitamin D3.....	70,000 IU

\*Per bolus

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**Fresh Cow & Cow Off Feed:**

Give 1 bolus immediately after calving and repeat 12 to 24 hours later if necessary.

**Primiparous Cows:**

Give 1 bolus immediately after calving.

**CAUTION:**

Do not use excessive force when administering. Do not use broken boluses or boluses with a sharp edge. If chocking occurs administer water to help dissolve the bolus. Keep out of the reach of children.

**INGREDIENTS**

Calcium Chloride, Calcium Sulfate, Water, Fat Product, and Vitamin D<sub>3</sub> Supplement.

**PACKAGING & STORAGE**

Individually wrapped single bolus dose.

Available in:

- 60 count bucket (#5036)

Store bolus in original packaging at 36° - 90°F. Open sealed mylar pouch immediately before use as moisture will compromise the bolus.



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